

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### VX-800 Blending Solvent Aerosol

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Other means of identification	VX-800 Blending Solvent Aerosol
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against : FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Supplier/Manufacturer	<ul> <li>Akzo Nobel Coatings, Inc.</li> <li>1845 Maxwell</li> <li>Troy, MI, 48084</li> <li>USA</li> <li>(800) 618-1010</li> </ul>
Canadian Supplier	<ul> <li>Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd.</li> <li>110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.</li> <li>Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario</li> <li>Canada M9W 5S6</li> <li>+1 (800) 618-1010</li> </ul>
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)
Date of issue / Date of revision Safety Data Sheet Version Date of printing	: 9 August 2022 : 2.05 : 9 August 2022

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand this entire MSDS, as there is important information throughout the document. Further, Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. expects you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

To promote safe handling, each customer or recipient should: 1) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others whom it knows or believes will use this material of the information contained in this MSDS and any other information regarding hazards and safety; 2) Furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product; 3) Request its customers to notify their employees, customers, and other users of the product of this information; and 4) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others that the precautions identified for this product and any other products with which mixtures may be created are transferable and cumulative to the mixture.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

**GHS** label elements

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

Section 2. Hazards identification	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dimethyl ether	70 - 75	115-10-6
n-butyl acetate	10 - 15	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10	108-65-6
toluene	1 - 5	108-88-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Ge medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.
Most important sympto	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	· No known aignificant offacts or critical bazarda

Eye contact	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	toms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Insuitable extinguishing media : None known.

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dimethyl ether	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
-	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

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Section 8. Expos		
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	
Thermal hazards	<ul> <li>If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials.</li> </ul>	

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010. To request an updated SDS please visit http://www.formstack.com/forms/AkzoNobel-document\_request\_form

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Pungent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point	14°C (57.2°F)
boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: 0°C (32°F)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	
	Not determined.
	Not determined.
- p - p	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
	0.714
Density	5.96 lbs/gal 0.714 g/cm³
Solubility	Not available.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Kinematic (room temperature): 0.14 cm²/s (14 cSt)
Weight Volatiles	99.99% (w/w)
Volume Volatiles	99.99 %(v/v)
Weight Solids	0.01 %(w/w)
Volume Solids	0.01 %(v/v)
Regulatory VOC	6.0 lbs/gal 714 g/l minus water and exempt solvents
VOC Actual	6.0 lbs/gal 714 g/l
Aerosol product	
	Spray
••	29.73 kJ/g

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
toluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
toluene	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

#### Ingestion : Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to th	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite</li> </ul>

	nootbito
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite

#### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

Section 11. Toxico	ological information
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	15260.2 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
5	···· <b>5</b> · · · ·	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Danio rerio	48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0.07	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
toluene	2.73	90	low

#### Mobility in soil

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Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.		
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Section 13. Disp	osal considerations		
Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.		

## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : Please Note: The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **U.S. Federal regulations**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion)
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

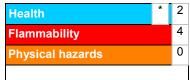
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.
Malaysia	: At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: At least one component is not listed.

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

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## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision Version MSDS #	:	2.05	0003
Key to abbreviations	:	IATA = International Air Tra IBC = Internediate Bulk Co IMDG = International Marit LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International C	actor ed System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ansport Association ontainer

#### Notice to reader

For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

### Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.